2020 JUN 24 AM 9: 01

2019 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

| | | Public Water System Na | me |
|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| | | 290005 | |
| | | List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Syst | |
| a Con must | sumer Confidence be mailed or delive st. Make sure you | Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Dependent to the customers, published in a newspaper of | Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute ding on the population served by the PWS, this CCR f local circulation, or provided to the customers upon the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or all boxes that apply. |
| | Customers were | informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach of | copy of publication, water bill or other) |
| | | ☐ Advertisement in local paper (Attach cop) | y of advertisement) |
| | | ☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill) | |
| | | ☐ Email message (Email the message to the | e address below) |
| | | ☐ Other | <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> |
| | Date(s) custon | ners were informed: 6// /2020 (| 6/17/2020 / /2020 |
| | CCR was distri | ibuted by U.S. Postal Service or other dire | ct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery |
| | Date Mailed/I | Distributed:/ | |
| | CCR was distrib | outed by Email (Email MSDH a copy) | Date Emailed: / / 2020 |
| | | ☐ As a URL | (Provide Direct URL) |
| | | ☐ As an attachment | |
| | | ☐ As text within the body of the email mess | age |
| | | shed in local newspaper. (Attach copy of publi | |
| | Name of New | spaper: The ITAWAMBA Lound | ty Times |
| | Date Publishe | d: 6 11712020 | 1 15 |
| D | CCR was posted | d in public places. (Attach list of locations) | Date Posted: 6 // 7/2020 |
| | CCR was posted | d on a publicly accessible internet site at the fo | |
| I here above and c | and that I used dis | stribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further tent with the water quality monitoring data provided | public water system in the form and manner identified certify that the information included in this CCR is true to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department |
| 2 | w Mig | on Countre | 6-22-20 |
| Nam | e/Title (Board Pres | ident, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.) | Date |
| | | Submission options (Select one | nethod ONLY) |
| | Mail: (U.S. 1 MSDH, Burea P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 3 | | Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov Fax: (601) 576 - 7800 **Not a preferred method due to poor clarity** |

2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report 2019 JUN - I AM 8: 54 Town of Mantachie PWS#: 0290005 May 2020

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Rod McFerrin at 662,282.7949. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Tuesday of each month at 6:00 PM at the Mantachie Town Hall.

In order to better serve our customers with a better water supply the Town of Mantachie began purchasing our water from the Northeast MS Regional Water Supply, which has greatly improved our water system. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of Mantachie have received lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2019. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2019, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

| | | | | TEST RES | ULTS | | | |
|-------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|--------------------------|------|-----|--|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | Unit Measure- ment | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
| Inorganic (| Contami | inants | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2018* | .0216 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; |

| | | | | | | | | | erosion of natural deposits |
|--|--------|----------|------------|-----------|----------|---|-----|--------|---|
| 13. Chromium | N | 2018* | .5 | No Range | ppb | | 100 | 10 | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits |
| 14. Copper | N | 2015/17* | <u>.</u> 1 | 0 | ppm | | 1.3 | AL=1 | .3 Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |
| 15. Cyanide | N | 2019 | 20 | No Range | ppb | | 200 | 20 | Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories |
| 16. Fluoride | N | 2018* | .663 | No Range | ppm | | 4 | | 4 Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories |
| 17. Lead | N | 2015/17* | 0 | 0 | ppb | | 0 | AL= | 15 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| Sodium | N | 2019 | 9500 | No Range | PPB | | 0 | | Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents. |
| Disinfection | n By-F | Products | 30 | 18 - 47 | ppb | 0 | | 60 | By-Product of drinking water |
| OO TTUM | ļ., | 2010 | | 00.0.00 | - | | | - 00 | disinfection. |
| 82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] | N | 2019 | 57 | 29.2 - 62 | ppb | 0 | | 80 | By-product of drinking water chlorination. |
| Chlorine | N | 2019 | 1:3 | .5 – 2 | ppm | 0 | MRE | DL = 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2019.

We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", the NE MS Regional Water is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 7. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 58%.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

This Water System purchases its drinking water from N.E.M.S Regional Water District. We strive to provide adequate, clean and safe drinking water to our customers. We ask for you to report any leaks you may find to Town Hall. Thank You!.

The Town of Mantachie works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

2020 JUN 24 AM 9: 02

Town of Mantachie LCK

Volume 119, No. 25



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in Mantachie family takes up farm life Saltillo

Page 6A





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Wednesday, June 17, 2020

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COUNTY

TANAMBIENE MANAGE . **24治本地市人**

ter when it comes to the pping choice of lures.

slack "If you're somewhere water the water is very mudtion, dy you need something tes of that makes a lot of noise,"
Wesley Hawkins, of Tupeg the lo, said. This is where the es at classic big-bladed buzziging baits prove their worth, each but fishing them comes with one important cave-



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water, you're not doing it Golden, Ms. right," he said.





6-17-20

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We rotinely include for contamination in your defining water according to Federal and State laws. This table below less all of the devicing water contaminates that were detected during the period of January 1. To December 31. 2016, Income where translating activities of the property of the property of the period of January 1. The December 31. 2016, Income where translating materials and in some cases, radicactive materials were threat or the surface of land or undergrouped. It discovers of surfaces or from human state of the period of the period

in this table you set find many have and aborationary you mand had be foretise with. Yo halo you batter under part those faints we've provided the following shall be a.

Action (layer - the concentration of a tomber and which, if occopied, briggers featurered or other productments which a water system must follow.

Maximum Continuated Level Goal (MCZG) - The Took! (MCLG) is the level of a contembrant in clinking water below which there is no amount of expected fisk to basin. SCLGs slove for a margin of safety.

Machiner Hossbuil Disinfector Level (MIDL) - The leghest level of a distriction aboved in disting water. There is convictors and addition of a distriction is becausely to confrol microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (spea) or Mespeats per later (most - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single party to

Parts per fation (and) or Memograms per that - one part per blich corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a stock penny in

| Contaminant | Volution Date D | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------|---------|------|--|--|--|
| | YAN | Date Collected | Level Datecled | Range of Detects or # of Semples Escreeding MILLIACE | Unit Mozaur- ment | MOCG | MCL | Unely Sensor of Concernation | | |
| Inorganic | Contam. | | | | | 100 No. | 9658 | | | |
| IO, BARLEY | | 20-8 | .0216 | No Range | ppm | 2 | | Discharge of pitting waster, discharge foot matel referrer, ecosion of natural organists | | |

| 11 Chromisen | | 2018 | Tell Co | No Runga | pob | 100 | 100 | Discharge from steet and puts |
|--------------|----------------------|------------|----------------|----------------------------|-------|---|-------------------|---|
| 14. Copper | N | 20:5/17* | 1 | distribution of the second | 2000 | 1000 | \$1.00 | mile; erestin of natural deposits |
| | | | | | pom | 12 | AL=1,3 | Correspond freeward plumbing systems, creates of natural deposits, teaching from second |
| 15. Cyanide | PROFILE | 2019 | 20 | No Plance | pos | 200 | 1000 | prosmittes |
| 10. Favoride | N. | | 0.40 | | | 200 | 200 | Discharge from streametal factories; discharge from plastic and feetigan factories |
| 7 Lord | | 20181 | .663 | no Range | poin | A | de l'ende | Emission of natural deposits; water |
| | 100 | 10000 | | | | | | widdlive which promotes strong leach; discharge from swilliam and aluminum facilities |
| . Cemo | 18 | K 2015/17* | 10 | 10 | l god | 0 | AL-15 | |
| Silver | 10000 | 100 | | | | | Systems emaion of | Corresion of household plumbing Systems, eration of statural |
| SEW 19378 | N 2019 9530 No Runga | N 2019 | 9530 | No Racon | PPR | -01 | | |
| N. Skrowt | | | and the second | | | Road Sax, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Education | | |

| II. HAAS | N. | 5018 | 30 | A 18-47 | Joen 1 | D | 110 UKU 270 | |
|------------------------|-------|------|------------------------|-----------|--------|------|-------------|--|
| 2 TIHM | 14 | 2019 | SECTION AND ADDRESS OF | | | 200 | ea. | By-Product of diriting water distriction |
| Total Zuxume(names) | 100 | ZDIS | 100 | 29.2 - 52 | ура | 0 | 60 | By product of directing water characteristics. |
| Mortne | 80.00 | 2019 | 1.3 | 5-2 | ppm | 10 E | | Water adoline used to control |

* Most resent sample. No sample required for 2019.

We have learned brough our monitoring and leading that some contaminants have been defected however the EPA has determined their your water IS SAFE at these levels.

If present, abeviated levels of lead that causes serious health proclems, especially for pregnant women and young district. Lead in any other processing water to primary from materials and compounts associated with service lines and horse plumbing. Our waster years maponable for providing high quarty strategy water, but cannot control the variety of materials used to plumbing aminonents. We have the present the processing for prevent purposes.

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Water B:11 6-1-20

Deliver payment to:

Mantachie Water Assoc. 3256 Hwy 371 N P.O.Box 70 Mantachie, MS 38855 662-282-7949 OR 662-282-7936 FIRST-CLASS MAIL PRESORTED US POSTAGE PAID ZIP CODE 38855 PERMIT # 003

Return this portion with payment.

Billed: 06/01/20

Previous Balance: 0.00
WATER (RES) USED 1900 19.06
PREV 509500 PRES 511400

19.06 PAID BY DIRECT DEBIT

19.06 PAID BY DIRECT DEBIT

Acct# 0306723 343 TOMBIGBEE RD

Last Pmt \$19.06 05/11/20 ROD MCFERRIN SVC:04/27/20-05/27/20 (30 days) Acct# 03067/23 343 TOMBIGBEE RD

2019 CCR Water Report will be viewable in the Itawamba County Times on June 17. ROD MCFERRIN 343 TOMBIGBEE RD MANTACHIE MS 38855